Unit 04 An Introduction to Text Production (3)

within the SYSTEMIC FUNCTIONAL model of language

Slides for the session of Written Expression held on We 06.xi.2024

> Robert Spence { English | LangSciTech } Saarland University

we

An Introduction to Text Production (3)

Goals

Adjusting the register (Orgel: "Registrierung") from one stage to the next

Tenor in more detail

Mode in more detail

A didactic simplification

Metafunctions in semantics

Function-rank matrix

'Functional components' a.k.a. 'metafunctions' in grammar (2)

Situating grammar

Checklist of points to add

To the memory of my teacher:



Image supplied by M.A.K. Halliday

M.A.K. Halliday (13.4.1925-15.4.2018)

- Adjusting the register (Orgel: "Registrierung") from one stage to the next
- 2 Tenor in more detail
- 3 Mode in more detail
- 4 A didactic simplification
- **5** 'Functional components' a.k.a. 'metafunctions' in discourse semantics
- **6** 'Functional components' a.k.a. 'metafunctions' in grammar (1): The function-rank matrix
- 7 'Functional components' a.k.a. 'metafunctions' in grammar (2)
- **8** Situating grammar
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1 To explore the "organ registration" metaphor of REGISTER

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- To explore the "organ registration" metaphor of REGISTER
- To look at TENOR and MODE in slightly more detail, using system networks of features

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- ② To look at TENOR and MODE in slightly more detail, using system networks of features
- To introduce the "function-rank matrix" (see extra handout) and give examples of some of the grammatical systems listed in it

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- ② To look at TENOR and MODE in slightly more detail, using system networks of features
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- To have a closer look at some of the linguistic resources involved in text production

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- ② To look at TENOR and MODE in slightly more detail, using system networks of features
- To introduce the "function-rank matrix" (see extra handout) and give examples of some of the grammatical systems listed in it
- To have a closer look at some of the linguistic resources involved in text production
- **⑤** To apply everything discussed so far (on genre, register, and grammar) to some real texts (see handout "Some texts to think about")

Adjusting the register (Orgel: "Registrierung") from one stage to the next (1)

Sometimes you need to adjust the register when moving from one stage of the work to the next, i.e. you need to activate different subsets of your total set of semiotic resources:



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KzC1xA6ob9g&t=2m55s Basilika Walldürn - Feierlicher Einzug (Pontifikalamt am 05.06.2015) - GGB WÜ 860 (*Lasst, Christen, hoch den Jubel schallen*)

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Adjusting the register (Orgel: "Registrierung") from one stage to the next (2)

This musical text belongs to a recognizable GENRE.

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Adjusting the register (Orgel: "Registrierung") from one stage to the next (2)

- This musical text belongs to a recognizable GENRE.
- Its Generic Structure Potential is something like:

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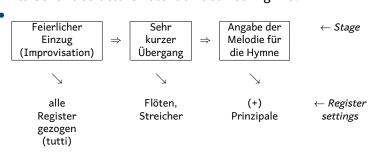
Function-rank matrix

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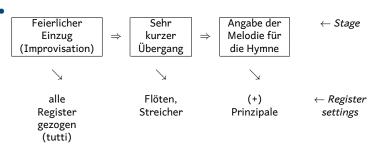
'Functional components' a.k.a. 'metafunctions' in grammar (2)

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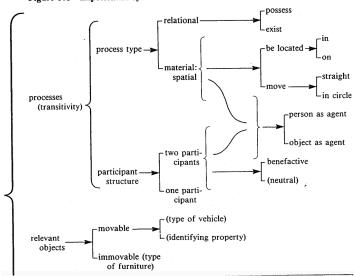
- This musical text belongs to a recognizable GENRE.
- Its Generic Structure Potential is something like:



• The congregation is aware of this typical structure and can interpret what it means.

Adjusting the register (Orgel: "Registrierung") from one stage to the next (3) – LCT ch 3 – no mental processes if playing with trains

Figure 3.1 Experiential systems in Text 3.1



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Adjusting the register (Orgel: "Registrierung") from one stage to the next (4)

• Look at the clauses in Text C in your handout "Some texts to think about".

http://www.spence.saar.de/courses/
writtenexpression/texts/index.pdf

- What do you notice about the differences between the first and second paragraphs in terms of:
 - 1 the tense of the verbs
 - the type of process represented ('doing/happening' or 'being')
 - 3 the voice (active or passive)
- If you have time, examine also:
 - whether the clause contains a participant that actually 'suffers' the process represented by the verb
 - whether the 'agent' of the process is explicitly mentioned in a passive clause
- For the COVID-19 semesters, this task has been redesigned as an exercise sheet rather than as a class discussion:

http:

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//www.spence.saar.de/courses/writtenexpression/
text C tense voice/text C tense voice.pdf

Tenor systems (1) - Martin (1992)

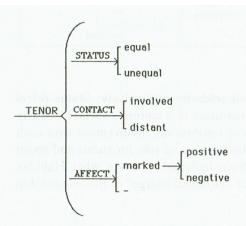


Fig. 7.13. Three dimensions of tenor

One example among dozens: distant contact \longrightarrow no mood ellipsis;

Going to the party tonight? \longrightarrow Are you going to the party tonight?

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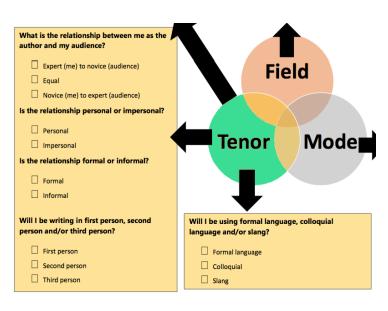
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Tenor systems (2) - Leung (2016)



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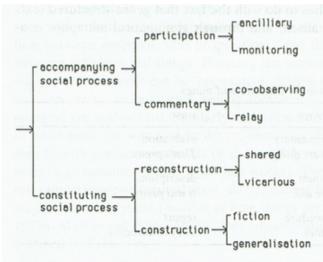


Fig. 7.10. Mode — degrees of abstraction

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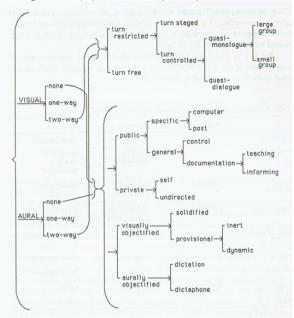


Fig. 7.9. Mode systems: speaking and writing focus

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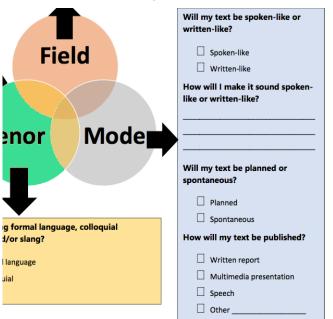
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Martin & Rose (2007²) vs. Humphrey, Droga & Feez $(2012^2).$

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GENRE

REGISTER Field | Tenor | Mode

DISCOURSE SEMANTICS ideational | interpersonal | textual

> LEXICOGRAMMAR (functional components:) experiential logical interpersonal textual

GENRE Social Purpose; Structure

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KEY GRAMMATICAL FEATURE Supponents' a.k.a. (language for:) expressing ideas connecting ideas interaction creating cohesive texts

'metafunctions' in grammar (2) Situating grammar

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'Functional

'Functional components' a.k.a. 'metafunctions' in discourse semantics

- IDEATIONAL
 - IDEATION construing* experience
 - conjunction logical connections
- INTERPERSONAL
 - APPRAISAL negotiating attitudes
 - NEGOTIATION interacting in dialogue
- TEXTUAL
 - IDENTIFICATION tracking participants
 - PERIODICITY information flow

*construing = 'making sense of by projecting a structure onto'

e.g. siqua recordanti benefacta priora voluptas est homini

For details, see: J.R. MARTIN and David Rose: *Working with Discourse — Meaning Beyond the Clause*. London: Continuum, 2007².

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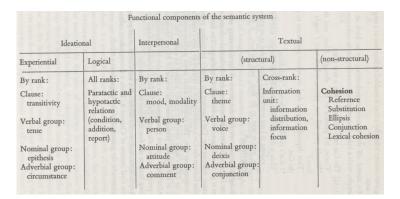
Function-rank matrix

'Functional components' a.k.a. 'metafunctions' in grammar (2)

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'Functional components' a.k.a. 'metafunctions' in grammar (1): The function-rank matrix



Fortunately,
comment
(interpersonal)
Adjunct

subsequently
conjunctive
(textual)
Adjunct

sang

he

quite normally.
circumstantial
(experiential)
Adjunct

we

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enacting social relationships: INTERPERSONAL

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- Clause as interaction:
 - grammatical systems of MOOD
 - enacting social relationships: INTERPERSONAL
- 2 Clause as representation:

grammatical systems of TRANSITIVITY

— construing a model of reality: IDEATIONAL: EXPERIENTIAL

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- Clause as interaction:
 - grammatical systems of MOOD
 - enacting social relationships: INTERPERSONAL
- 2 Clause as representation:
 - grammatical systems of TRANSITIVITY
 - construing a model of reality: IDEATIONAL: FXPERIENTIAL
- 3 Clause as message:
 - grammatical systems of THEME
 - creating relevance to context: TEXTUAL

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- construing a model of reality: IDEATIONAL: FXPERIENTIAL
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 - creating relevance to context: TEXTUAL
- These three sets of choices are simultaneous to and independent of each other (i.e. they are 'in parallel')



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Rheme

Do cats e	at bats?
-----------	----------

Mood		Residue	
Finite	Subject	Predicator Complement D.C	

MOOD

Pro-	Actor/	-cess:	Goal/
	Agent	material	Medium 'affected'

Theme

TRANSITIVITY

THEME

we

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Checklist of points to add

М	ood	Residue		MOOD
Finite	Subject	Predicator	Complement D.O.]

Pro-	Actor/	-cess:	Goal/
	Agent	material	Medium 'affected'

TRANSITIVITY

Theme Rheme THEME

Who	shot		the sheriff?
Mood		Residue	
Subject/Wh-	(did) Finite	Predicator (shoot)	Complement D.O.
Actor/	Process:		Goal/
Agent	material		Medium
Theme	Rheme		

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Do cats eat bats?

 Mood
 Residue
 MOOD

 Finite
 Subject
 Predicator
 Complement D.O.

Pro- Actor/ -cess: Goal/
Agent material Medium 'affected'

Theme Rheme THEME

Who shot the sheriff? Residue Mood Subject/Wh-(did) Finite Predicator (shoot) Complement D O Actor/ Goal/ Process: material Medium Agent Theme Rheme

I	have		a dream.
Mood		Residue	
Subject	(do) Finite	Predicator (have)	Complement D.O.
Carrier/	Process: relational:		Attribute/
Medium	ascriptive/possessive		Range
Theme	Rheme		

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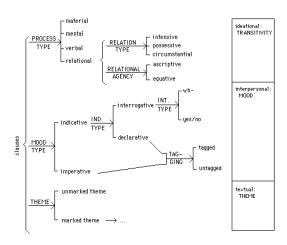
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Checklist of points to add

Situating English grammar—the grammar of a nice cup of tea

(...)

Lastly, tea—unless one is drinking it in the Russian style—should be drunk without sugar. I know very well that I am in a minority here. But still, how can you call yourself a true tea-lover if you destroy the flavour of your tea by putting sugar in it? It would be equally reasonable to put in pepper or salt. Tea is meant to be bitter, just as beer is meant to be bitter. If you sweeten it, you are no longer tasting the tea, you are merely tasting the sugar; you could make a very similar drink by dissolving sugar in plain hot water.

Some people would answer that they don't like tea in itself, that they only drink it in order to be warmed and stimulated, and they need sugar to take the taste away. To those misguided people I would say: Try drinking tea without sugar for, say, a fortnight and it is very unlikely that you will ever want to ruin your tea by sweetening it again. (...)

-George Orwell, 'A Nice Cup of Tea' (1946).

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Textual component — THEME

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To those misguided people I would say: Try drinking tea without sugar for, say, a fortnight and it is very unlikely that you will ever want to ruin your tea by sweetening it again.

unmarked Theme (Theme = Subject)
marked Theme (Theme ≠ Subject)

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Interpersonal component — MOOD

Lastly, tea—unless one is drinking it in the Russian style—should be drunk *without sugar*. I know very well that I am in a minority here. But still,

how can you call yourself a true tea-lover if you destroy the flavour of your tea by putting sugar in it? It would be equally reasonable to put in pepper or salt. Tea is meant to be bitter, just as beer is meant to be bitter. If you sweeten it,

you are no longer tasting the tea, you are merely tasting the sugar; you could make a very similar drink by dissolving sugar in plain hot water.

Some people would answer that they don't like tea in itself, that they only drink it in order to be warmed and stimulated, and they need sugar to take the taste away. To those misguided people I would say:

Try drinking tea without sugar for, say, a fortnight and it is very unlikely that you will ever want to ruin your tea by sweetening it again.

indicative: declarative MOOD indicative: interrogative MOOD imperative MOOD

we

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Interpersonal component — POLARITY

Lastly, tea—unless one is drinking it in the Russian style—should be drunk without sugar. I know very well that I am in a minority here. But still, how can you call yourself a true tea-lover if you destroy the flavour of your tea by putting sugar in it? It would be equally reasonable to put in pepper or salt. Tea is meant to be bitter, just as beer is meant to be bitter. If you sweeten it, you are no longer tasting the tea, you are merely tasting the sugar; you could make a very similar drink by dissolving sugar in plain hot water.

Some people would answer that they don't like tea in itself, that they only drink it in order to be warmed and stimulated, and they need sugar to take the taste away. To those misguided people I would say: Try drinking tea without sugar for, say, a fortnight and it is very unlikely that you will ever want to ruin your tea by sweetening it again.

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positive POLARITY negative POLARITY

Interpersonal component — MOOD TAGGING

Lastly, tea—unless one is drinking it in the Russian style—should be drunk without sugar, shouldn't it? I know very well that I am in a minority here, arent I. But still, how can you call yourself a true tea-lover if you destroy the flavour of your tea by putting sugar in it? It would be equally reasonable to put in pepper or salt. Tea is meant to be bitter, just as beer is meant to be bitter. If you sweeten it, you are no longer tasting the tea, are you, you are merely tasting the sugar, | aren't you |; you could make a very similar drink by dissolving sugar in plain hot water.

Some people would answer that they don't like tea in itself, that they only drink it in order to be warmed and stimulated, and they need sugar to take the taste away. To those misguided people I would say: Try drinking tea without sugar for, say, a fortnight, will you? , and it is very unlikely that you will ever want to ruin your tea by sweetening it again, will you.

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Interpersonal component — MODALITY

Lastly, tea—unless one is drinking it in the Russian style—should be drunk without sugar. I know very well that I am in a minority here. But still, how can you call yourself a true tea-lover if you destroy the flavour of your tea by putting sugar in it? It would be equally reasonable to put in pepper or salt. Tea is meant to be bitter, just as beer is meant to be bitter. If you sweeten it, you are no longer tasting the tea, you are merely tasting the sugar; you could make a very similar drink by dissolving sugar in plain hot water.

Some people would answer that they don't like tea in itself, that they only drink it in order to be warmed and stimulated, and they need sugar to take the taste away. To those misguided people I would say: Try drinking tea without sugar for, say, a fortnight and it is very unlikely that you will ever want to ruin your tea by sweetening it again.

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Experiential component — PROCESS TYPE

Lastly, tea—unless one IS DRINKING it in the Russian style—should be drunk without sugar. I KNOW very well that I AM in a minority here. But still, how can you call yourself a true tea-lover if you destroy the flavour of your tea by putting sugar in it? It would be equally reasonable to put in pepper or salt. Tea is meant to be bitter, just as beer is meant to be bitter. If you sweeten it, you are no longer tasting the tea, you are merely tasting the sugar; you could make a very similar drink by dissolving sugar in plain hot water.

Some people would answer that they don't like tea in itself, that they only drink it in order to be warmed and stimulated, and they need sugar to take the taste away. To those misguided people I would say: Try drinking tea without sugar for, say, a fortnight and it is very unlikely that you will ever want to ruin your tea by sweetening it again.

material PROCESS
mental PROCESS
relational PROCESS

we

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Experiential component — nominal group

Lastly, tea—unless one is drinking it in

the Russian style—should be drunk without sugar. I know very well that I am in a minority here. But still, how can you call yourself a true tea-lover if you destroy the flavour of your tea by putting sugar in it? It would be equally reasonable to put in pepper or salt. Tea is meant to be bitter, just as beer is meant to be bitter. If you sweeten it, you are no longer tasting the tea, you are merely tasting the sugar; you could make a very similar drink by dissolving sugar in plain hot water.

Some people would answer that they don't like tea in itself, that they only drink it in order to be warmed and stimulated, and they need sugar to take the taste away. To

those misguided people I would say: Try drinking tea
without sugar for, say, a fortnight and it is very unlikely that

you will ever want to ruin your tea by sweetening it again.

nominal group

we

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Experiential component — TENSE

Lastly, tea—unless one is drinking it in the Russian

style—should be drunk *without sugar*. I know very well that I am in a minority here. But still, how can you call yourself a true tea-lover if you destroy the flavour of your tea by putting sugar in it? It would be equally reasonable to put in pepper or salt. Tea is meant to be bitter, just as beer is meant to be bitter. If you sweeten it, you are no longer tasting the tea, you are merely tasting the sugar; you could make a very similar drink by dissolving sugar in plain hot water.

Some people would answer that they don't like tea in itself, that they only drink it in order to be warmed and stimulated, and they need sugar to take the taste away. To those misguided people I would say: Try drinking tea without sugar for, say, a fortnight and it is very unlikely that you will ever want to ruin your tea by sweetening it again.

present
present-in-present
future (?)

we

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Logical component — clause complexes

Lastly, tea—unless one is drinking it in the Russian style—should be drunk without sugar. I know very well that I am in a minority here. But still, how can you call yourself a true tea-lover if you destroy the flavour of your tea by putting sugar in it? It would be equally reasonable to put in pepper or salt. Tea is meant to be bitter, just as beer is meant to be bitter. If you sweeten it, you are no longer tasting the tea, you are merely tasting the sugar; you could make a very similar drink by dissolving sugar in plain hot water.

Some people would answer that they don't like tea in itself, that they only drink it in order to be warmed and stimulated, and they need sugar to take the taste away. To those misguided people I would say: Try drinking tea without sugar for, say, a fortnight and it is very unlikely that you will ever want to ruin your tea by sweetening it again.

expanding clause: condition

projected clause: idea

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Logical component — verbal group complexes

Lastly, tea—unless one is drinking it in the Russian style—should be drunk without sugar. I know very well that I am in a minority here. But still, how can you call yourself a true tea-lover if you destroy the flavour of your tea by putting sugar in it? It would be equally reasonable to put in pepper or salt. Tea is meant to be bitter, just as beer is meant to be bitter. If you sweeten it, you are no longer tasting the tea, you are merely tasting the sugar; you could make a very similar drink by dissolving sugar in plain hot water.

Some people would answer that they don't like tea in itself, that they only drink it in order to be warmed and stimulated, and they need sugar to take the taste away. To those misguided people I would say: Try | drinking tea without sugar for, say, a fortnight and it is very unlikely that you will ever want | to ruin your tea by sweetening it again.

expansion: means

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Astrology as a semiotic system.



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- Astrology as a semiotic system.
- Saussure's speech chain diagram (biology/physics/biology) and concentric vs cotangential circles (language makes contact with matter through sound); focusing on the correct stratum – cf focusing a microscope.

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- Kutschera quote: Nichts in den Geisteswissenschaften ergibt einen Sinn, außer im Lichte der Biologie (und der Soziologie!).

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- Kutschera quote: Nichts in den Geisteswissenschaften ergibt einen Sinn, außer im Lichte der Biologie (und der Soziologie!).
- ex contradictione sequitur quodlibet
 - 1 Dies ist ein Kopftuch (= prémisse/signifiant),
 - 2 dies ist kein Kopftuch (= contradiction/signe);
 - 3 dies ist der Islam (= conclusion/signifié) ... oder sonst was (= l'arbitraire du signe)

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 - 1 Dies ist ein Kopftuch (= prémisse/signifiant),
 - 2 dies ist kein Kopftuch (= contradiction/signe);
 - 3 dies ist der Islam (= conclusion/signifié) ... oder sonst was (= l'arbitraire du signe)
- Saussure's sign function expanded to include the notion of context: "something that stands for something, to someone, in some respect, in some context or other..."
 - 'dies ist meine kulturelle Identität' (Kontext?), vs
 - 'das ist die Unterdrückung von Frauen durch das abrahamitische Patriarchat' (Kontext?)



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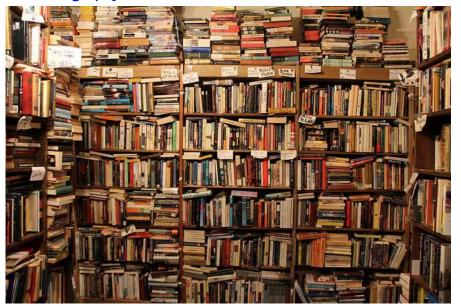
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